

# Outcome of psoriasis vulgaris on a child with localized scleroderma

Mariem Mohamed, Ines Lahouel, Jameleddine Zili

*Dermatology Department, Fattouma Bourguiba University Hospital, Monastir, Tunisia*

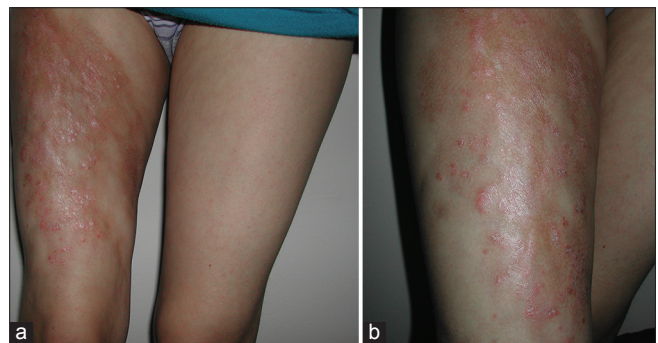
**Corresponding author:** Dr. Mariem Mohamed, E-mail: mariemmohamed79@yahoo.fr

A 13-year-old girl was followed by our department for linear morphea type of the right thigh. The diagnosis of linear scleroderma was held on the clinical appearance and skin biopsy data. She was treated by a daily application of a topical combination of a corticosteroid and an analog of vitamin D (Daivobet® ointment) leading to stabilization and softening of the lesion (Fig. 1). Eight months later, the patient



**Figure 1:** Linear monomelic morphea in the right thigh.

developed non-pruritic erythematous and squamous plaques localized on the morphea monomelic plaque and healthy skin (Figs. 2a and 2b). The diagnosis of psoriasis vulgaris was retained from the clinical and histological features.



**Figure 2:** (a and b) Non-pruritic erythematous and squamous plaques localised on the morphea monomelic plaque. There are no lesions in the other healthy thigh.

Copyright by Mariem Mohamed, et al. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

**Source of Support:** Nil, **Conflict of Interest:** None declared.

**How to cite this article:** Mohamed M, Lahouel I, Zili J. Outcome of psoriasis vulgaris on a child with localized scleroderma. *Our Dermatol Online*. 2017;8(4):483.

**Submission:** 01.09.2016; **Acceptance:** 23.07.2017

**DOI:** 10.7241/ourd.20174.135